

VARIABILITA' DELLO SCUOTIMENTO SISMICO: ANALISI EMPIRICHE E MODELLI

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SECURE

REGIONAL-SCALE EARTHQUAKE **GROUND MOTION PREDICTIONS**
THROUGH PHYSICS-BASED AND EMPIRICAL APPROACHES:
A CASE STUDY CENTRAL ITALY

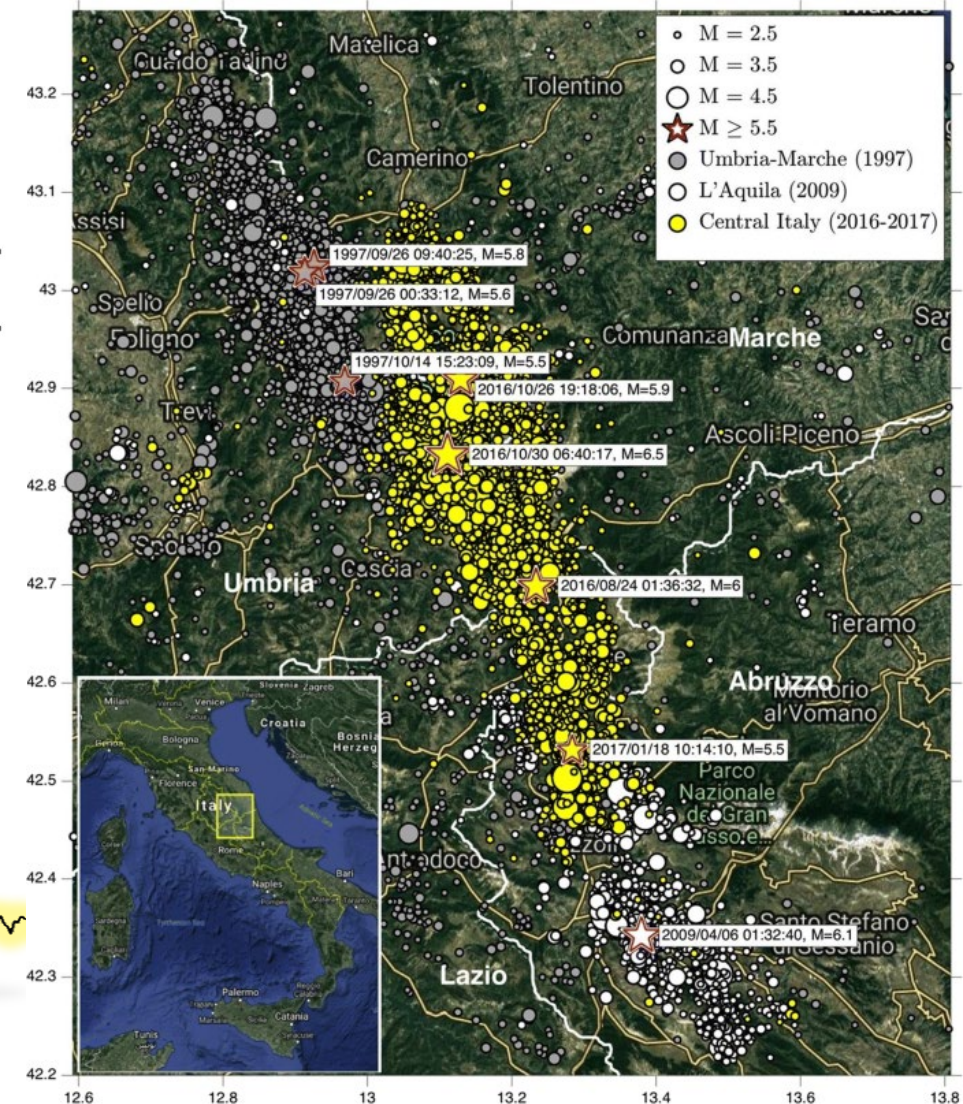
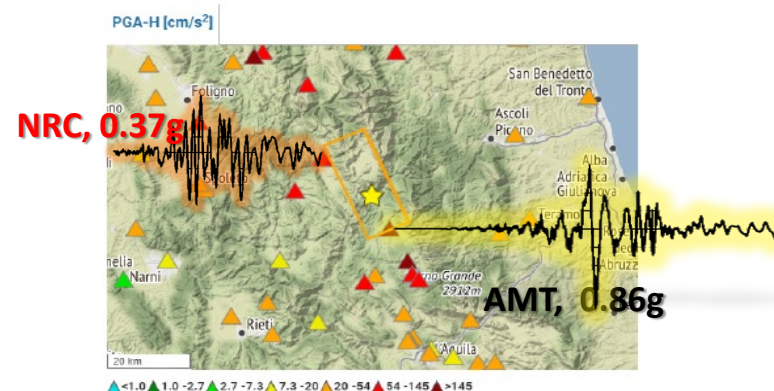
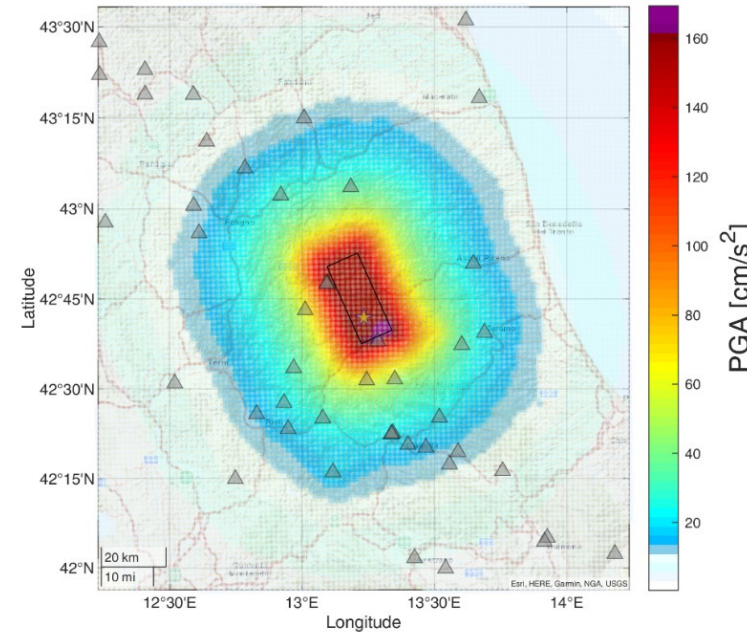
Roma, 30 gennaio 2024

SECURE PROJECT - TASK3:

STRATEGIE PER MIGLIORARE LA MODELLAZIONE DELLO SCUOTIMENTO SISMICO

Studio delle sorgenti di variabilità del moto sismico attraverso modelli non ergodici

- Correlazioni tra termini ripetibili e i parametri sismologici
- Valutazione della variabilità sintetica
- Variabilità spaziale: anisotropia di sorgente e propagazione
- Modellazione parametrica della direttività



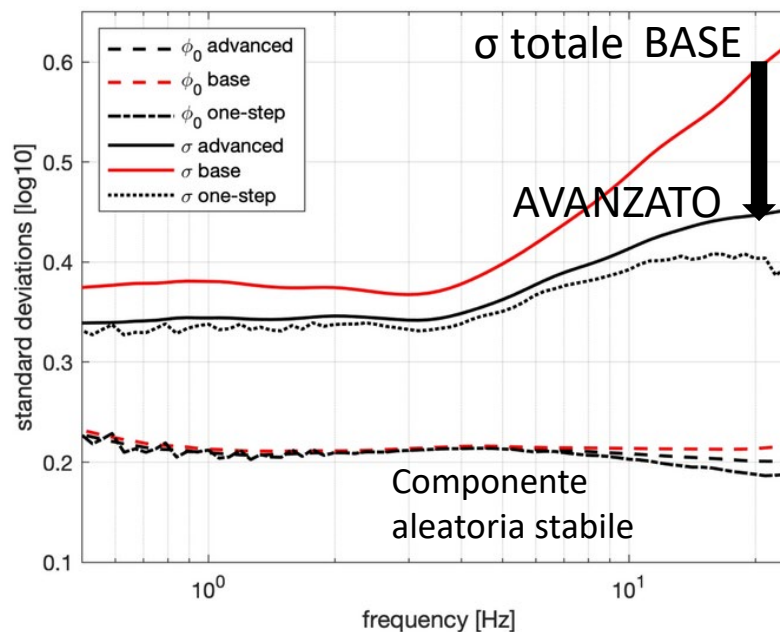
MODELLI NON ERGODICI IN CENTRO ITALIA

Modello **BASE** NE integrato con parametri aggiuntivi sismologici e geofisici

$$\log_{10} Y = a + F_M(M, \Delta\sigma, k_s) + F_R(M, R) + F_S(V_{s,30}, k_0) + \delta B_e + \delta S2S_s + \delta L2L_e + \delta P2P_{es} + \epsilon_{es}$$

Termini modello AVANZATO:

-
- b'_3 stress-drop scaling
- b'_4 kappa source scaling
-
- d'_1 site scaling
- d'_2 high-frequency attenuation
- $\delta B'_e$, $\delta S2S'_s$, $\delta L2L'_r$, $\delta P2P'_p$, $\delta W'_0$

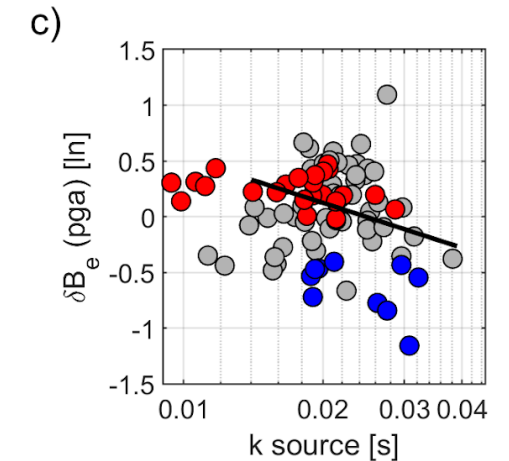
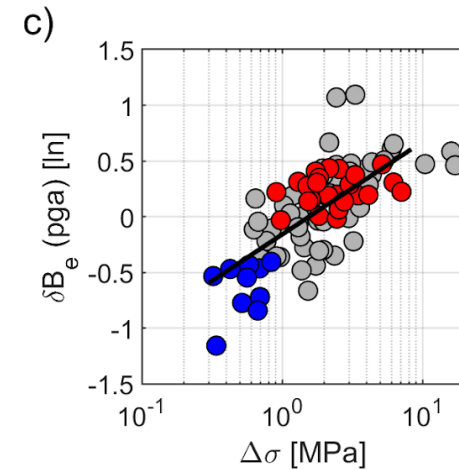
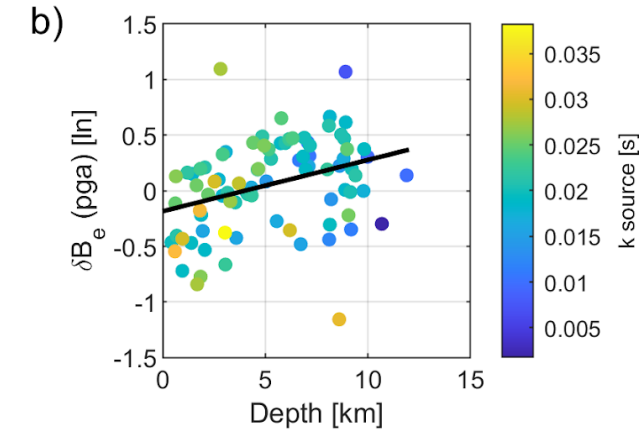
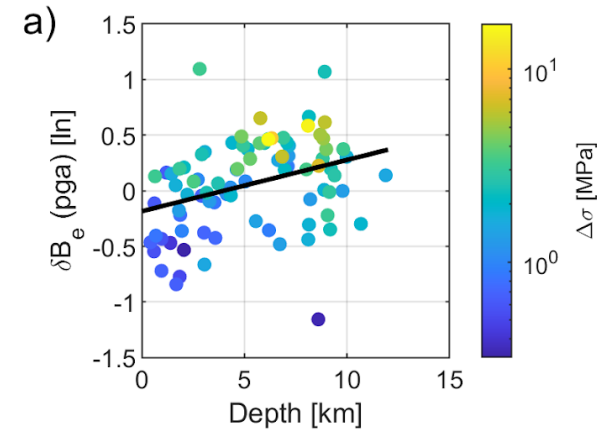
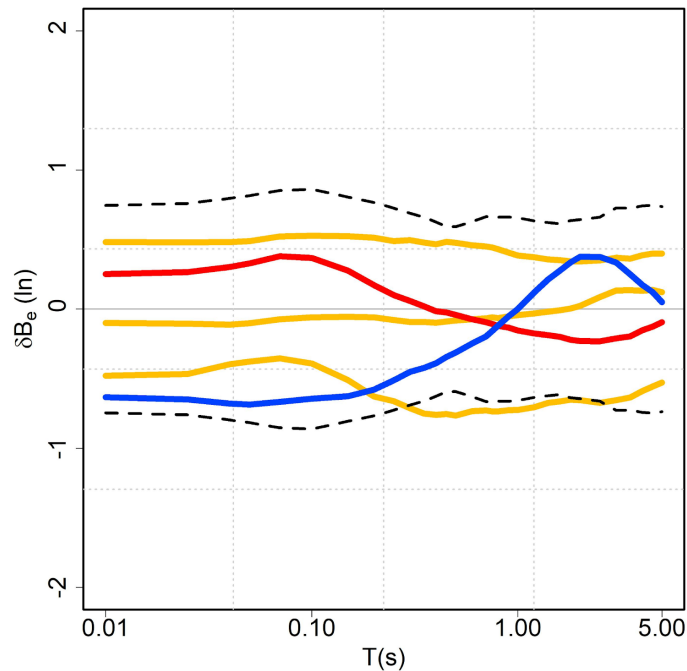


- Stress-drop $\Delta\sigma$
- Kappa source k_s
- $Vs30$
- Kappa site k_0
- **Altri parametri?**

- **68%** della variabilità inter-evento in alta frequenza
- **35%** della variabilità site-to-site in alta frequenza

VARIABILITA' INTER - EVENTO: LA PROFONDITA'

$$R_{es} = \delta B_e + \delta S_2 S_s + \delta L_2 L_e + \delta P_2 P_{es} + \varepsilon_{es}$$

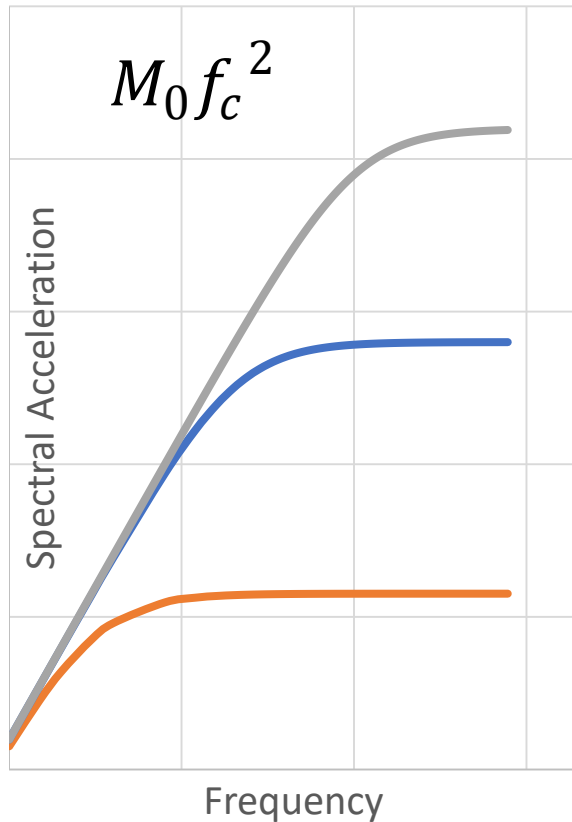


VSE: $H < 3$ km; $\Delta\sigma < 1$ MPa, $k_s > 0.02$ s

Mascandola et al., *submitted to GJI*

Aggiornamento: Introdurre la dipendenza dalla profondità ipocentrale

VARIABILITA' INTER-EVENTO E INTER-SCENARIO



HIC model

$$f_c = \frac{a v_r}{L}$$

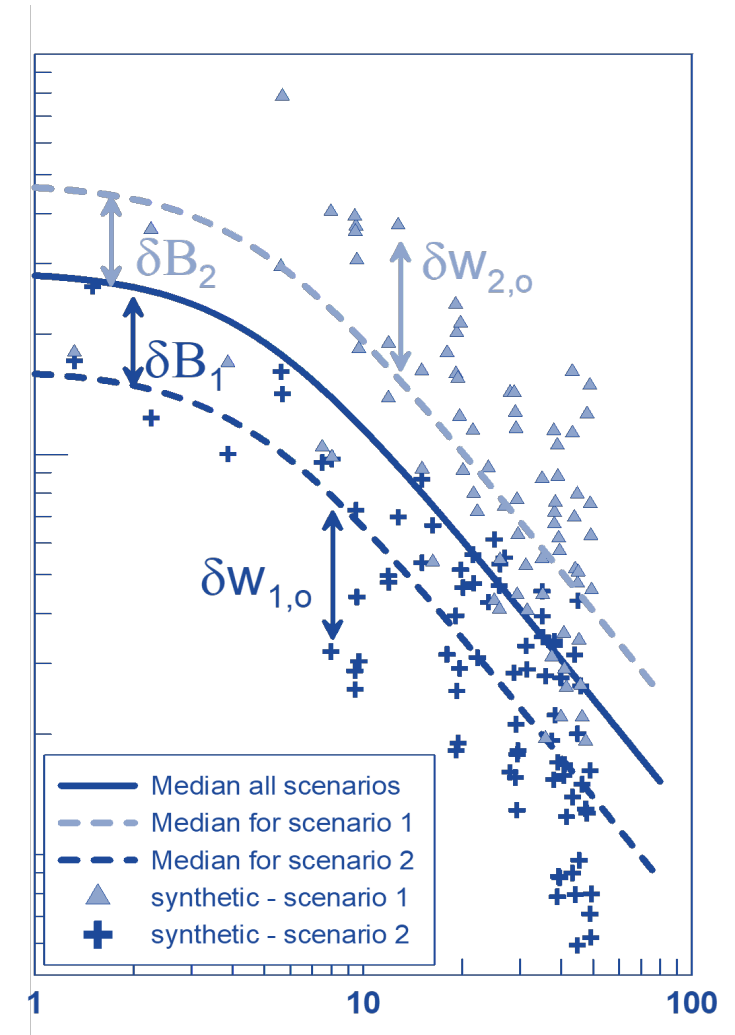
-a tuning parameter controlling the strength of high-frequency radiation

$S = L^2$ fault length

v_r = Rupture velocity

$$\Delta\sigma = \frac{7}{16} \left(\frac{f_c}{k\beta} \right)^3 M_0$$

$$\Delta\sigma = \frac{7}{16} \left(\frac{a v_r}{k\beta} \right)^3 \frac{M_0}{S^{3/2}}$$



Nelle simulazioni cinematiche il parametro di stress è una combinazione di parametri di sorgente (rupture velocity v_r , rupture size L , and proportionality constant a).

VARIABILITA' INTER-SCENARIO E PARAMETRO DI STRESS

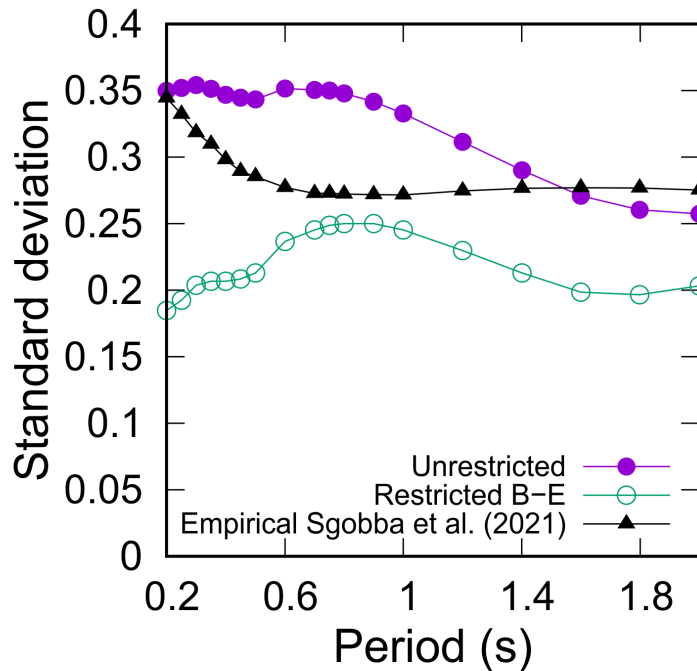
$$R_{ij} = C' + C_S \log S + C_a \log a + C_{vr} \log v_r + \varepsilon_k + \eta_{ok}$$

Stress parameter [0.2 - 10] MPa

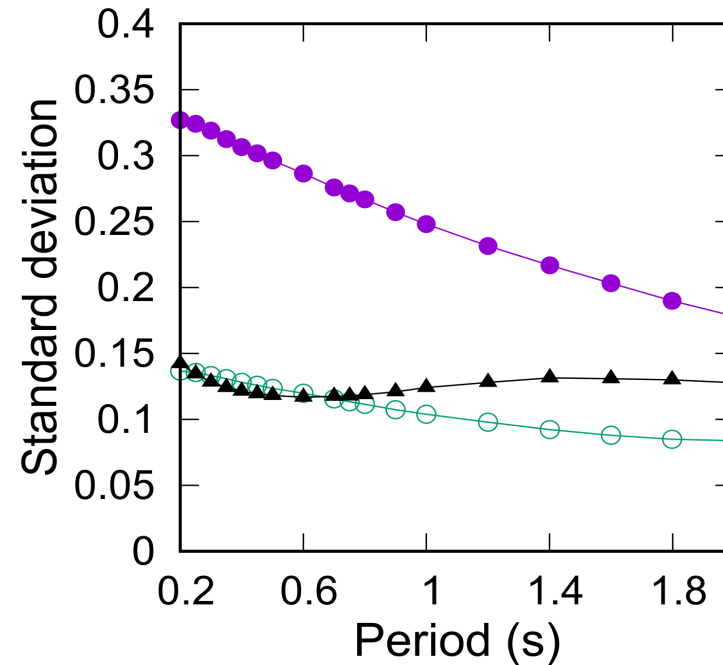
$\text{std}(\log \Delta\sigma) = 0.48$ to $\text{std}(\log \Delta\sigma_{\text{restricted}}) = 0.20$

$$R_{ij} = C'' + C_{\Delta\sigma} \log \Delta\sigma + \varepsilon'_k + \eta'_{ok}$$

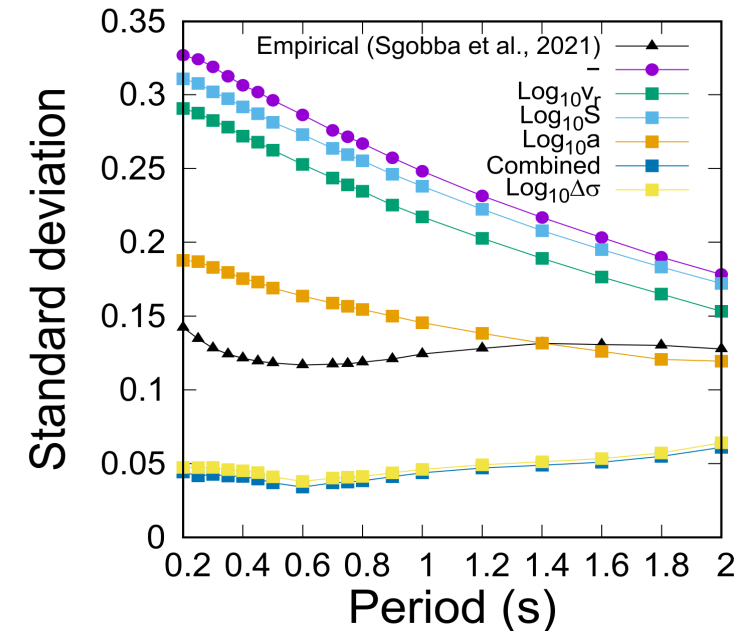
Total variability



Between-event variability



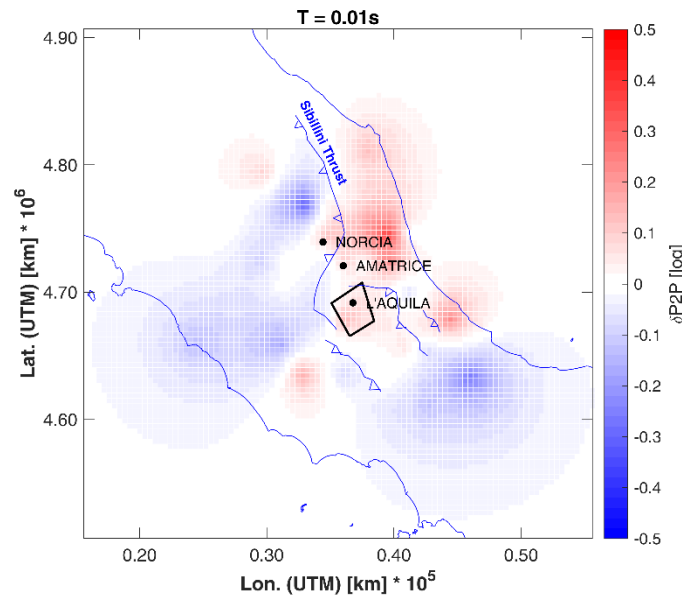
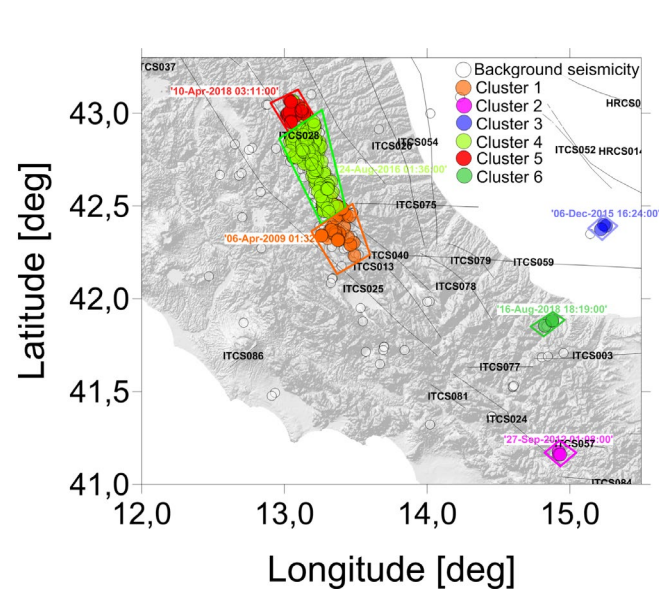
Between-event variability



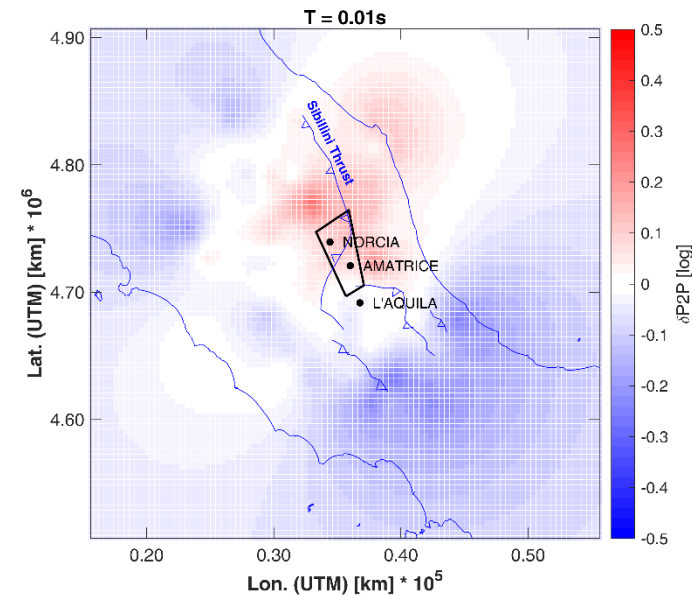
$$\tau \sim C_{\Delta\sigma} \text{std}(\log \Delta\sigma) = 0.63 \text{std}(\log \Delta\sigma) \approx 2/3 \text{std}(\log \Delta\sigma)$$

Aggiornamento: vincolare la variabilità dello stress drop in centro Italia

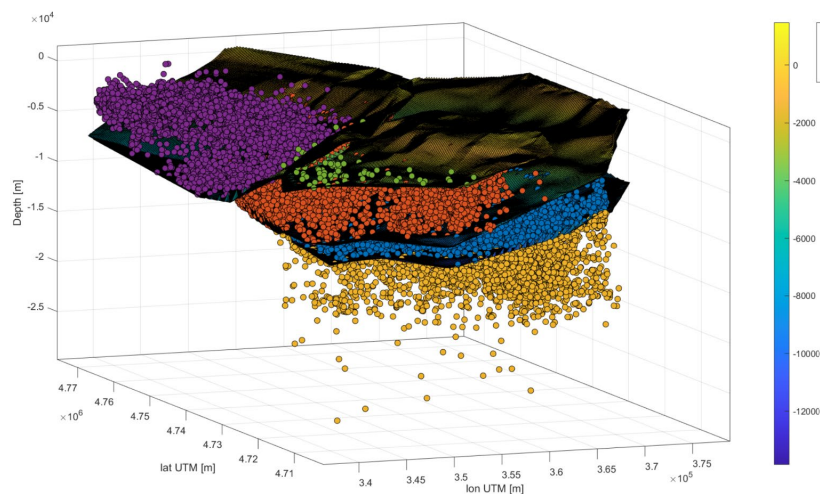
VARIABILITA' INTRA - EVENTO - PERCORSO



Cluster#1



Cluster#4



$$R_{es} = \delta B_e + \delta S2S_s + \delta L2L_e + \delta P2P_{es} + \epsilon_{es}$$

Aggiornamento: Introdurre la nuova zonazione nel modello NE del centro Italia

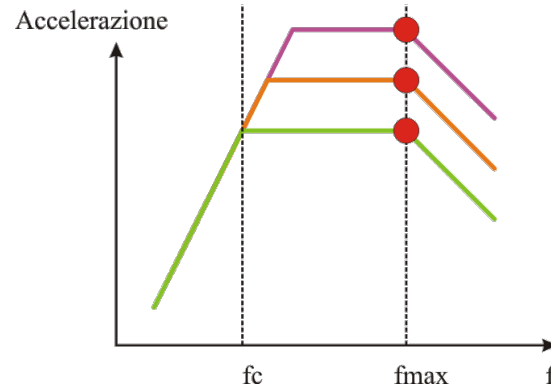
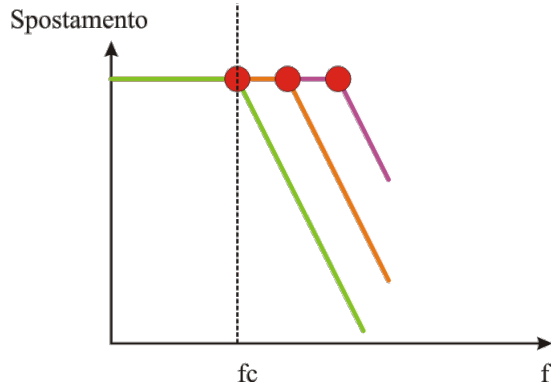
VARIABILITA' INTRA - EVENTO - DIRETTIVITA'

$$R_{es} = \delta B_e + \delta S2S_s + \delta L2L_e + \delta P2P_{es} + \epsilon_{es}$$

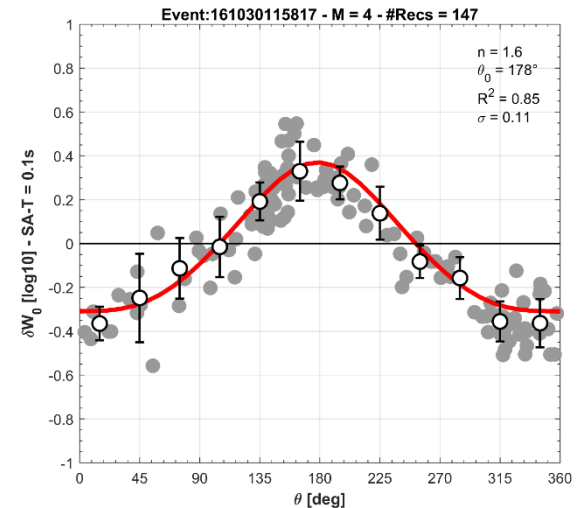
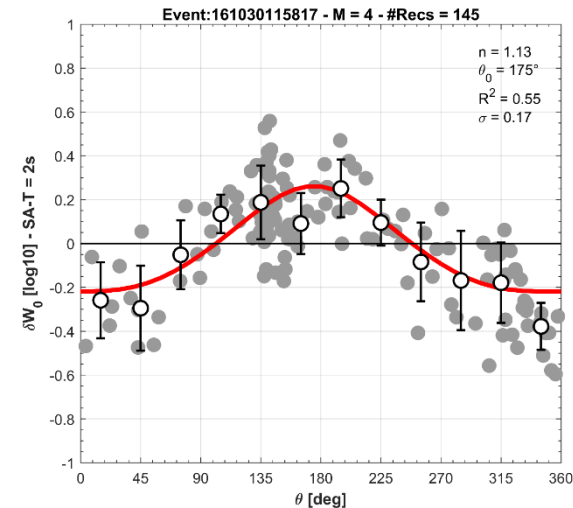
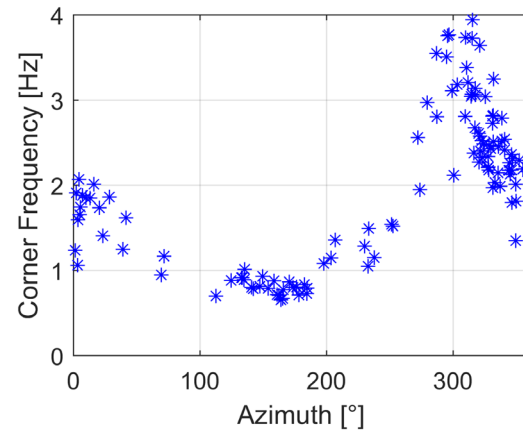
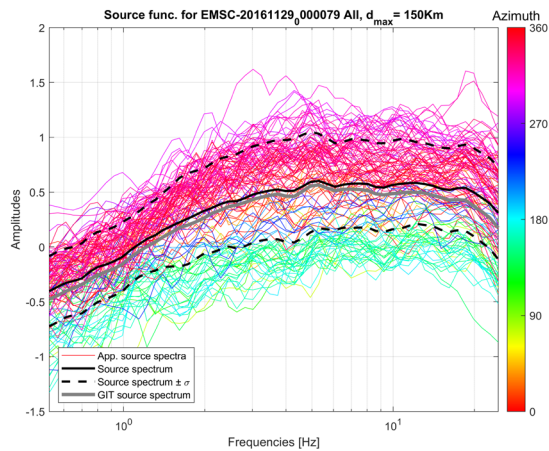
$$\epsilon_{es} = \delta D2D_{es} + \epsilon'_{es}$$

$$C_d = \sqrt{\frac{k^2}{[1 - (\frac{v_r}{c}) \cos(\theta - \theta_0)]^2} + \frac{(1 - k)^2}{[1 + (\frac{v_r}{c}) \cos(\theta - \theta_0)]^2}}$$

Boatwright, 2007

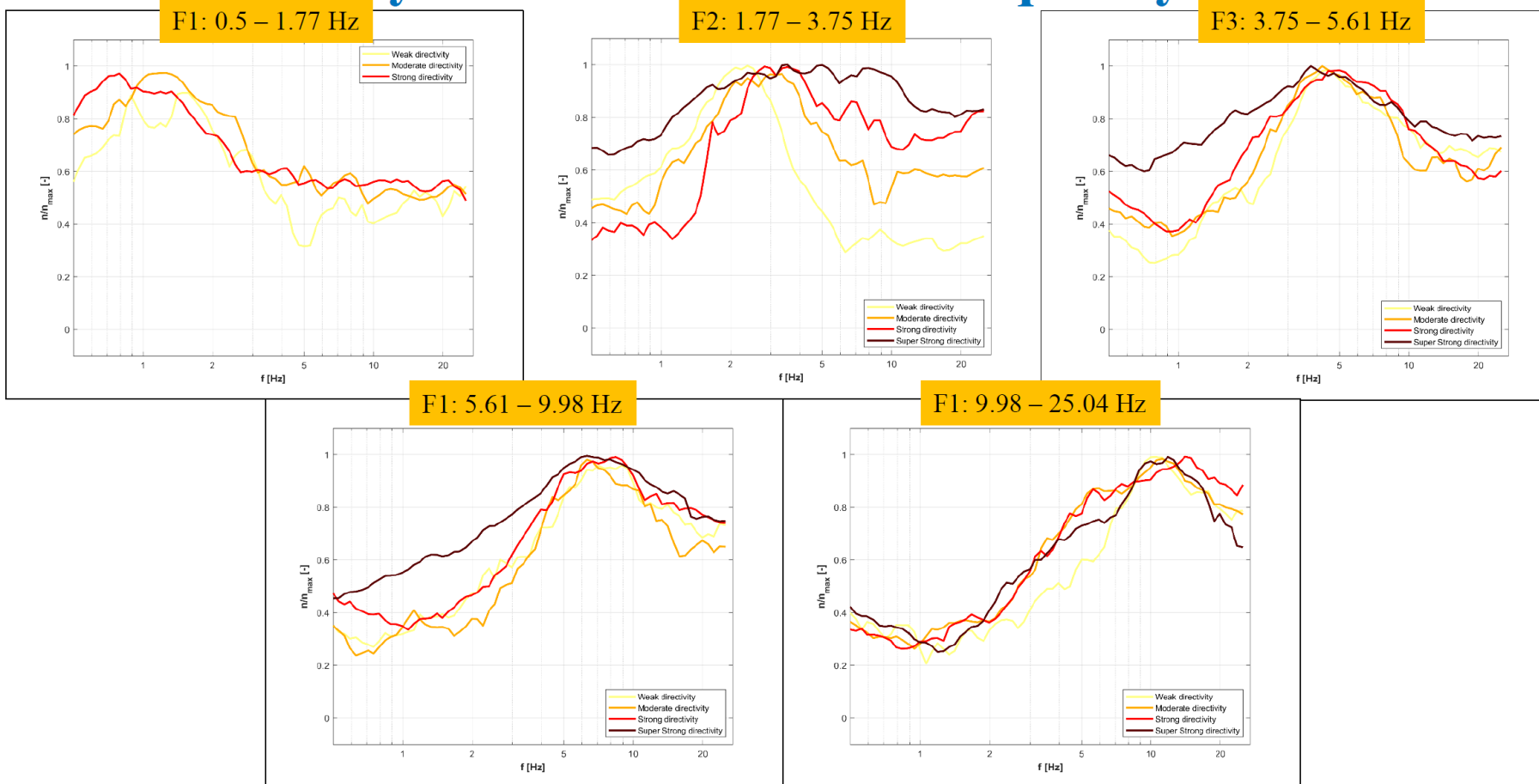


$$f_a = f_c C_d^n$$



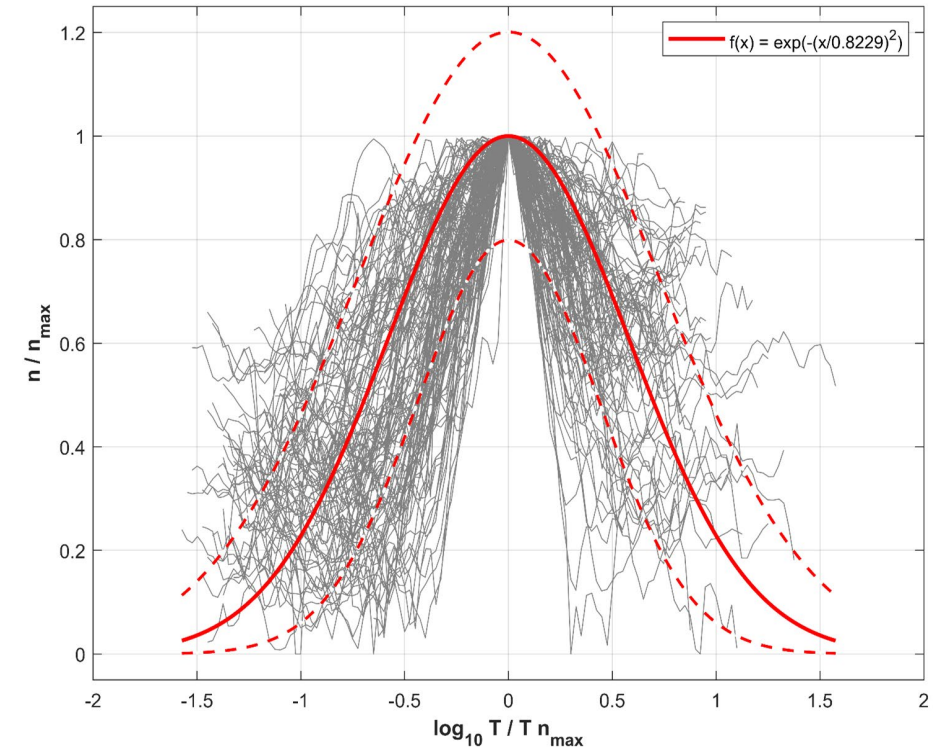
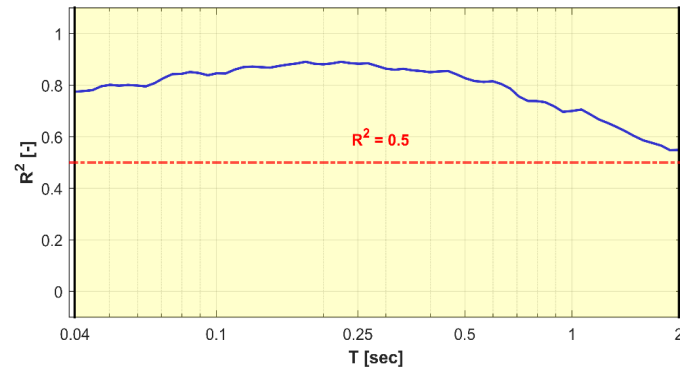
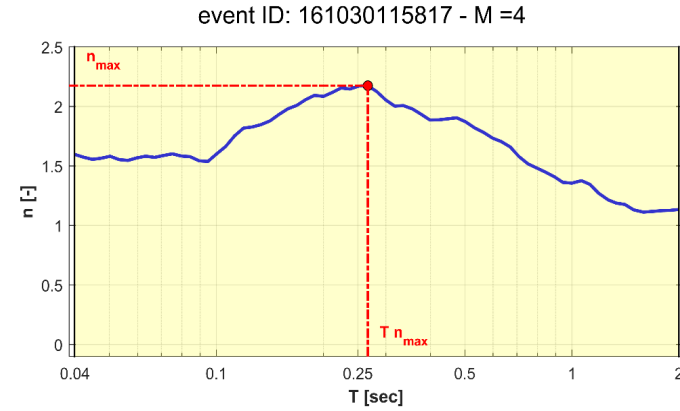
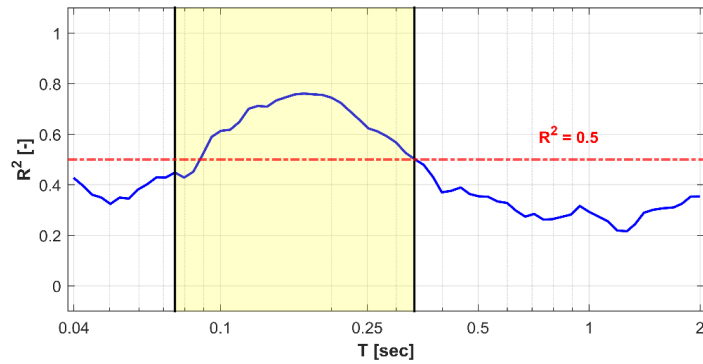
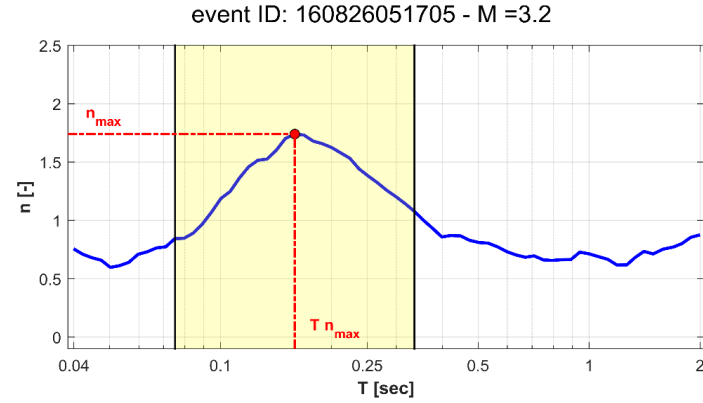
VARIABILITA' INTRA - EVENTO - DIRETTIVITA'

Proprietà C_d^n



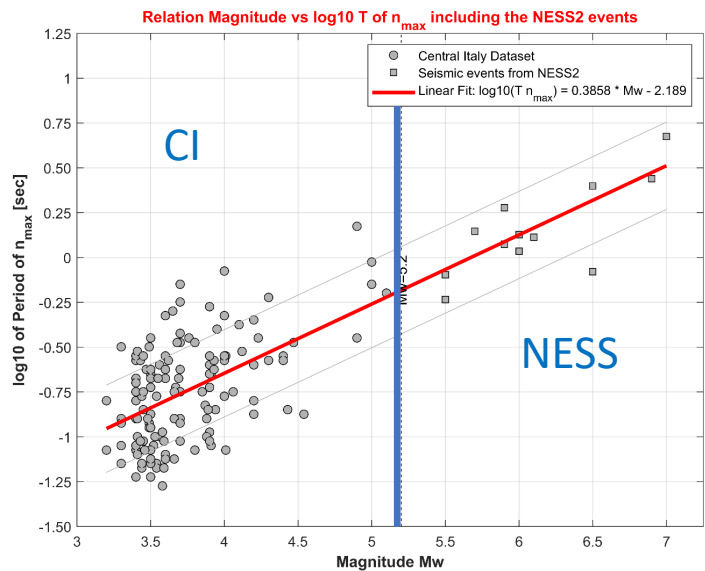
- La funzione è piccata in bande di frequenze diverse, ma sempre oltre la f_c
- L'ampiezza e la larghezza di banda è variabile
- La direzione di propagazione non cambia con la frequenza
- La direttività caratterizza circa 1/3 degli eventi

MODELLO DIRETTIVITA' PER CENTRO ITALIA

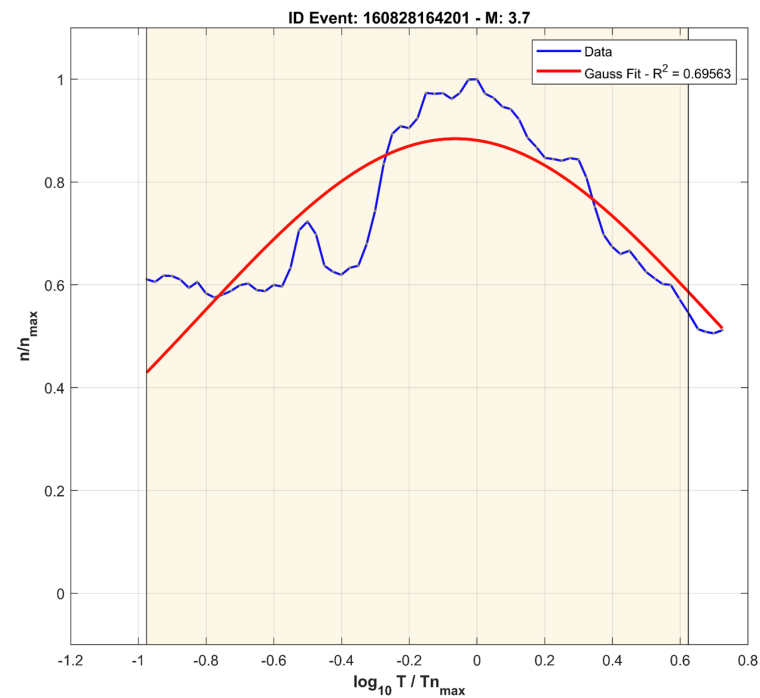
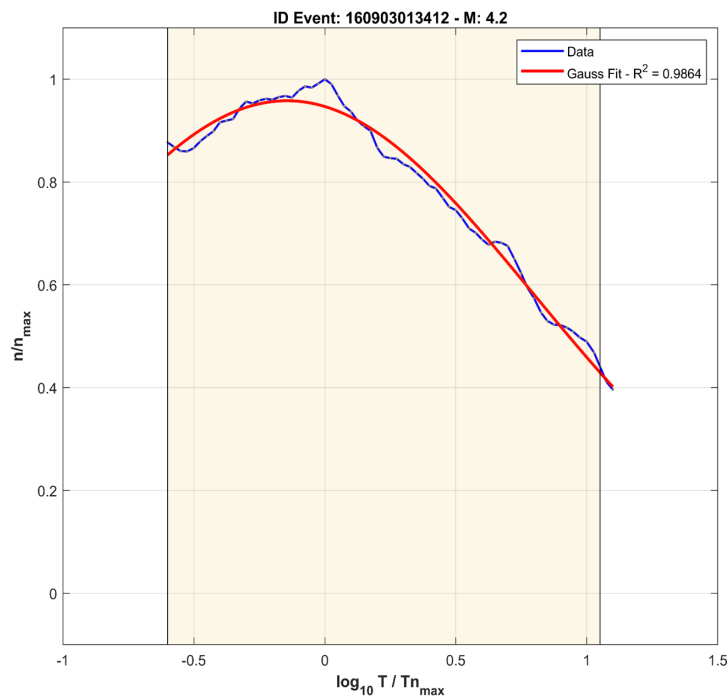
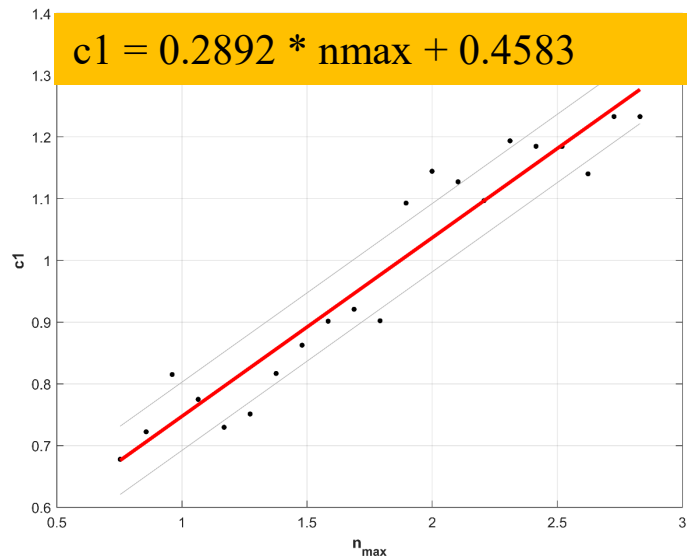


$$\frac{n}{n_{\max}} = a_1 * \exp \left(- \left(\left(\log_{10} \frac{T}{T_{n_{\max}}} - b_1 \right) / c_1 \right)^2 \right)$$

MODELLO DIRETTIVITA' PER CENTRO ITALIA

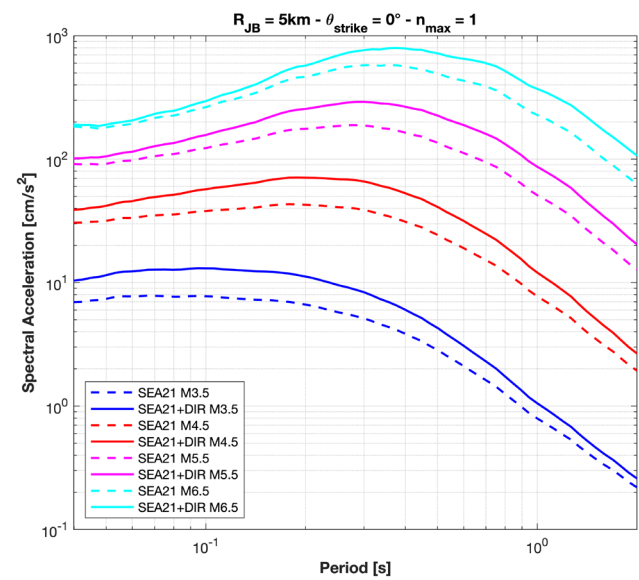


$$\log_{10}(T n_{\max}) = 0.3858 * Mw - 2.189$$

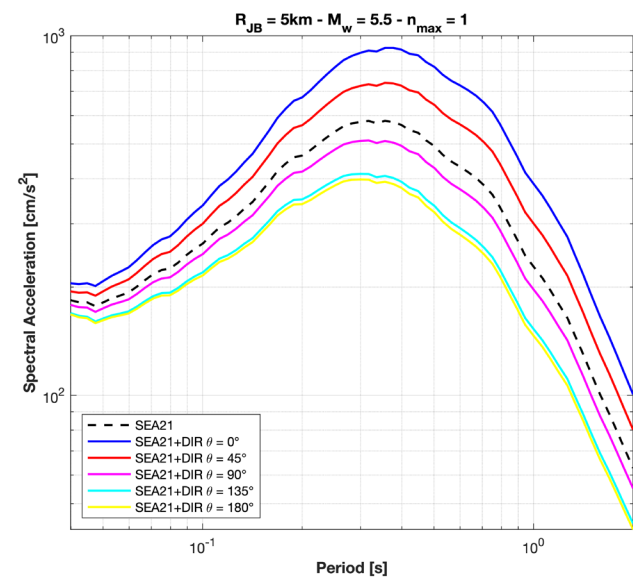


Colavitti et al., 2024 *in preparation*

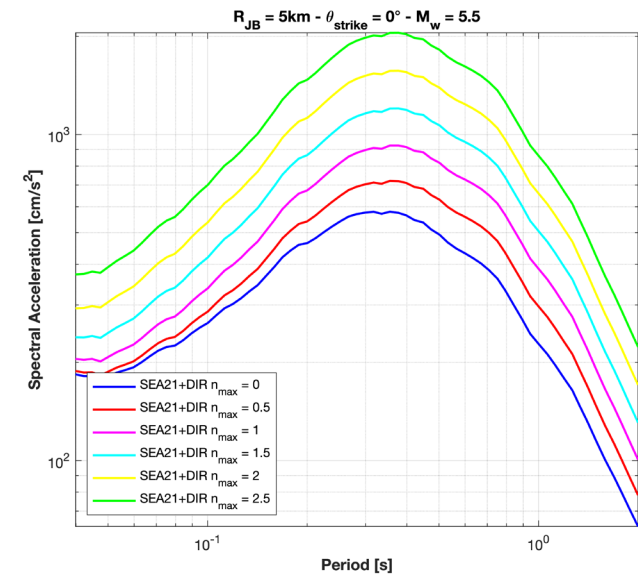
SCENARI DIRETTIVI



Effetto della Magnitudo



Effetto della posizione

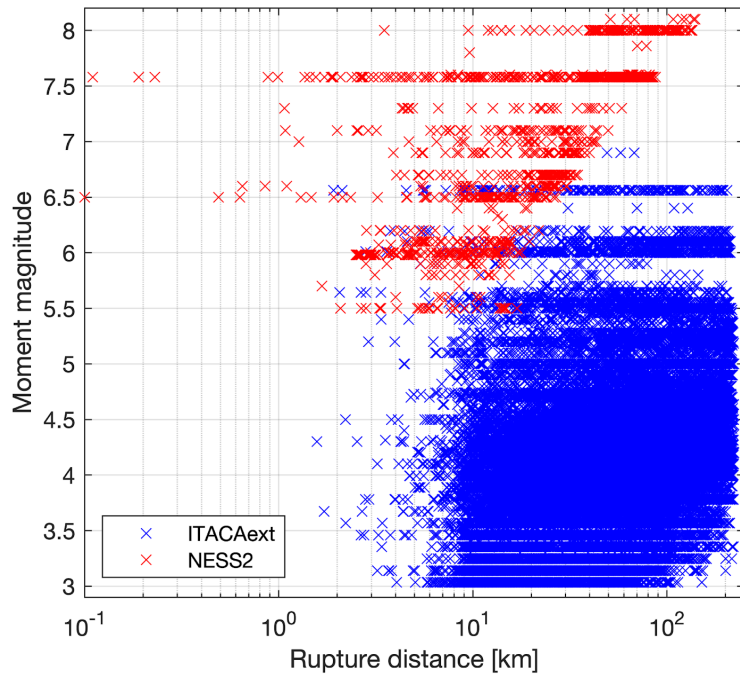


Effetto di n

REGIONALIZZAZIONE MODELLO ITALIANO

In corso lo sviluppo di un modello non-ergodico a scala nazionale

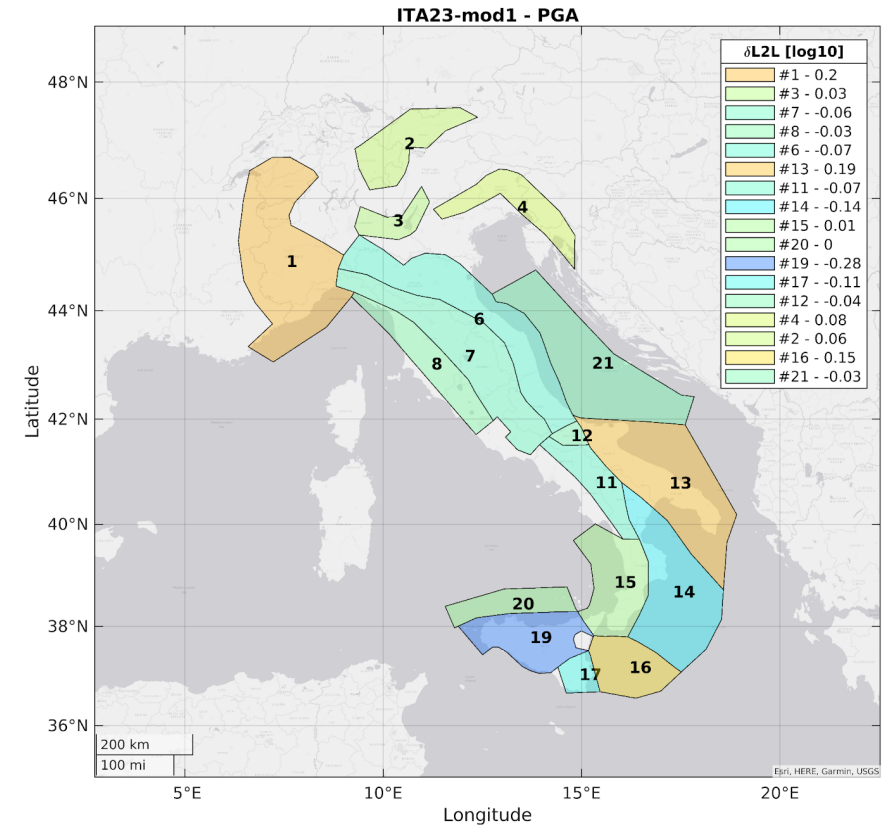
Dataset ITACAext e NESS per catturare sia gli effetti di campo vicino che le differenze regionali nella propagazione



Recordings: **42.887**

Events: **2.052**

Stations: **2.072**

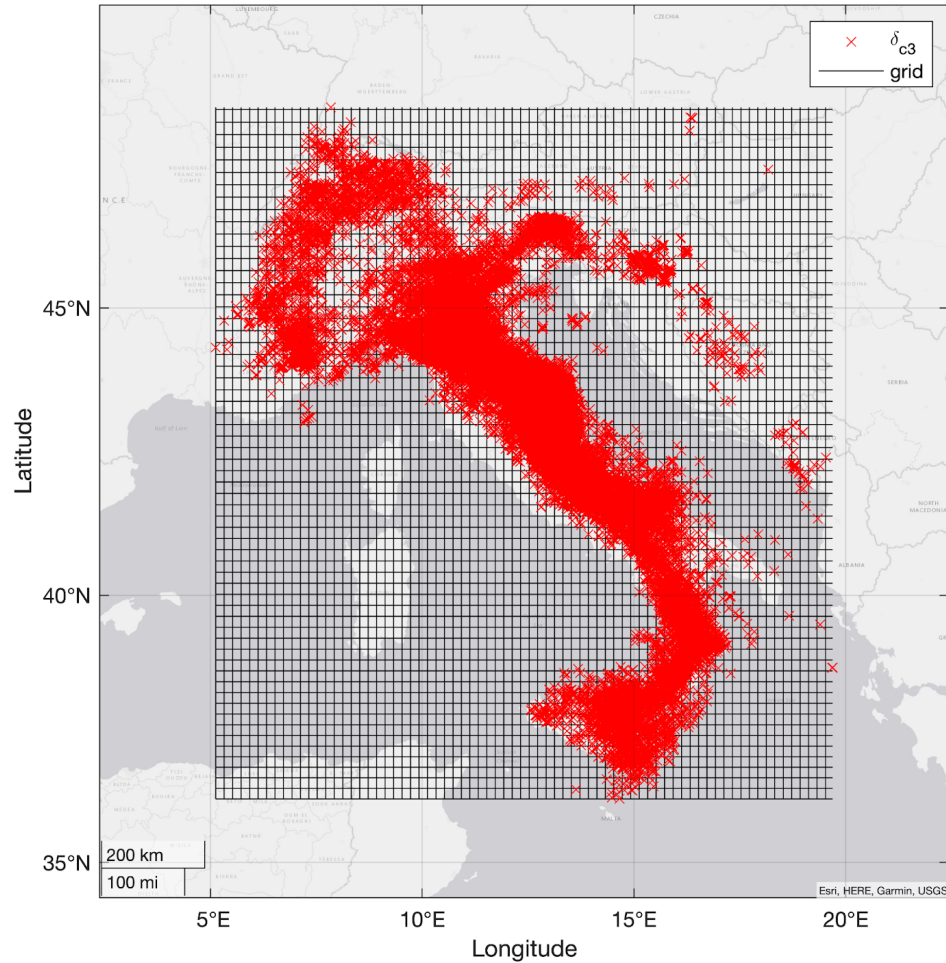


$$\log_{10} Y = a + F_M(M, \text{SOF}) + F_D(M, R) + F_S(V_{S,30}) + \delta B_e | \text{eventi} + \delta S2S_s | \text{stazioni} + \\ + \delta L2L_z | \text{source_zones} + \delta c_3(\text{radq}(R^2 + h^2) - R_r) | \text{path_grid} + \delta W_{0,es}$$

PROPAGAZIONE

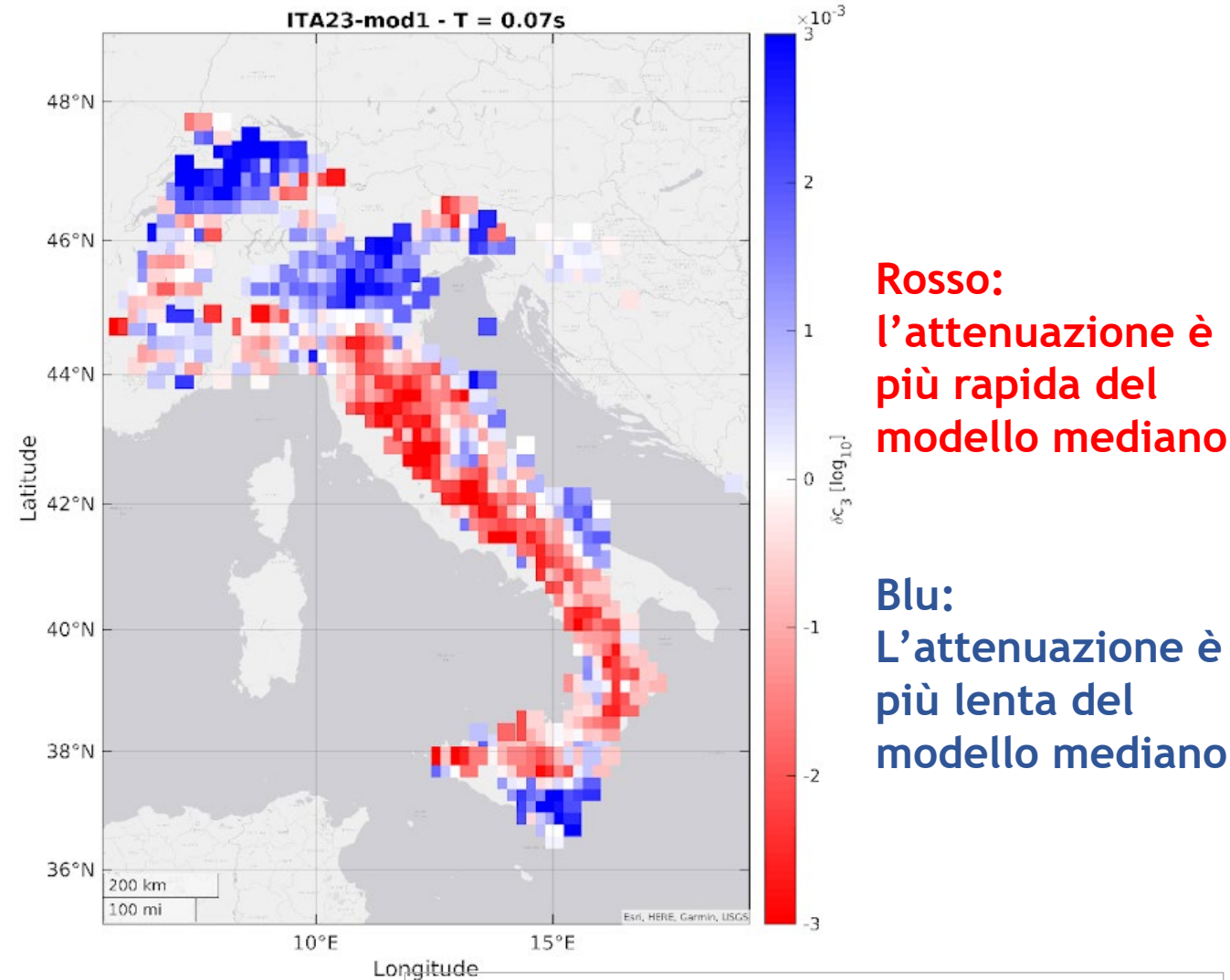
path_grid: $0.2^\circ \times 0.2^\circ$

Punto mediano del percorso sorgente - sito



Brunelli et al., 2023 *BGTA*

$\delta c_3(\text{radq}(R^2 + h^2) - R_r) | \text{path_grid}$



Lanzano et al., 2024 *in preparation*

SVILUPPI 2024

- ✓ Stimare la variabilità epistemica del modello Italiano
- ✓ Calibrare il modello NE centro Italia, con nuove stime dei parametri dei parametri sismologi
- ✓ Introdurre la variabile temporale nei modelli GMM
- ✓ Valutare i modelli GMM durante le sequenze sismiche
- ✓ Introdurre la direttività in Fourier
- ✓ Inversione degli spettri apparenti per stimare i modelli di sorgente